



МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ И ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ
РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение
высшего образования
«Магнитогорский государственный технический университет им. Г.И. Носова»



УТВЕРЖДАЮ
Директор ИГО
Л.Н. Санникова

06.02.2025 г.

РАБОЧАЯ ПРОГРАММА ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ (МОДУЛЯ)

ПРАКТИЧЕСКАЯ ГРАММАТИКА

Направление подготовки (специальность)
45.05.01 Перевод и переводоведение

Направленность (профиль/специализация) программы
Английский язык и китайский язык

Уровень высшего образования - специалитет

Форма обучения
очная

Институт/ факультет	Институт гуманитарного образования
Кафедра	Лингвистики и перевода
Курс	1, 2
Семестр	1, 2, 3, 4

Магнитогорск
2025 год

Рабочая программа составлена на основе ФГОС ВО - специалитет по специальности 45.05.01 Перевод и переводоведение (приказ Минобрнауки России от 12.08.2020 г. № 989)

Рабочая программа рассмотрена и одобрена на заседании кафедры Лингвистики и перевода

24.01.2025, протокол № 5

Зав. кафедрой



Т.В. Акашева

Рабочая программа одобрена методической комиссией ИГО

06.02.2025 г. протокол № 6

Председатель



Л.Н. Санникова

Рабочая программа составлена:

ст. преподаватель кафедры ЛиП,



О.С.Исмагилова

Рецензент:

Ведущий инженер по переводу АНО КЦПК "Персонал",



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Лист актуализации рабочей программы

Рабочая программа пересмотрена, обсуждена и одобрена для реализации в 2026 - 2027 учебном году на заседании кафедры Лингвистики и перевода

Протокол от _____ 20__ г. № ____
Зав. кафедрой _____ Т.В. Акашева

Рабочая программа пересмотрена, обсуждена и одобрена для реализации в 2027 - 2028 учебном году на заседании кафедры Лингвистики и перевода

Протокол от _____ 20__ г. № ____
Зав. кафедрой _____ Т.В. Акашева

Рабочая программа пересмотрена, обсуждена и одобрена для реализации в 2028 - 2029 учебном году на заседании кафедры Лингвистики и перевода

Протокол от _____ 20__ г. № ____
Зав. кафедрой _____ Т.В. Акашева

Рабочая программа пересмотрена, обсуждена и одобрена для реализации в 2029 - 2030 учебном году на заседании кафедры Лингвистики и перевода

Протокол от _____ 20__ г. № ____
Зав. кафедрой _____ Т.В. Акашева

Рабочая программа пересмотрена, обсуждена и одобрена для реализации в 2030 - 2031 учебном году на заседании кафедры Лингвистики и перевода

Протокол от _____ 20__ г. № ____
Зав. кафедрой _____ Т.В. Акашева

1 Цели освоения дисциплины (модуля)

- познакомить студентов с грамматической системой английского языка;
- сформировать у студентов необходимые речевые грамматические навыки, в основе которых лежат знания морфологии и синтаксиса английского языка;
- научить студентов использовать грамматические явления в речевых образцах.

2 Место дисциплины (модуля) в структуре образовательной программы

Дисциплина Практическая грамматика входит в часть учебного плана формируемую участниками образовательных отношений образовательной программы.

Для изучения дисциплины необходимы знания (умения, владения), сформированные в результате изучения дисциплин/ практик:

Для изучения дисциплины необходимы знания (умения, навыки), грамматических норм английского языка на уровне B1 (пороговый уровень), а именно:

- знание языковых средств общения в предусмотренных программой рамках;
- знание грамматических явлений и наличие навыков их употребления в речи;
- владение рациональными приемами умственного труда, обеспечивающими культуру усвоения языка в учебных условиях и культуру общения с его носителями.

Знания (умения, владения), полученные при изучении данной дисциплины будут необходимы для изучения дисциплин/практик:

Практический курс перевода первого иностранного языка (английский язык)

Практикум по культуре речевого общения первого иностранного языка (английский язык)

Деловая переписка на языке

Анализ и интерпретация текста

Технический перевод

Теоретическая грамматика

Подготовка к сдаче и сдача государственного экзамена

Производственная – преддипломная практика

3 Компетенции обучающегося, формируемые в результате освоения дисциплины (модуля) и планируемые результаты обучения

В результате освоения дисциплины (модуля) «Практическая грамматика» обучающийся должен обладать следующими компетенциями:

Код индикатора	Индикатор достижения компетенции
УК-4	Способен применять современные коммуникативные технологии, в том числе на иностранном(ых) языке(ах), для академического и профессионального взаимодействия
УК-4.1	Устанавливает контакты и организует общение в соответствии с потребностями совместной деятельности, используя современные коммуникационные технологии
УК-4.2	Составляет деловую документацию, создает различные академические или профессиональные тексты на русском и иностранном языках
УК-4.3	Представляет результаты исследовательской и проектной деятельности на различных публичных мероприятиях, участвует в академических и профессиональных дискуссиях на русском и иностранном языках

4. Структура, объём и содержание дисциплины (модуля)

Общая трудоемкость дисциплины составляет 10 зачетных единиц 360 акад. часов, в том числе:

- контактная работа – 278,6 акад. часов;
- аудиторная – 276 акад. часов;
- внеаудиторная – 2,6 акад. часов;
- самостоятельная работа – 45,7 акад. часов;
- в форме практической подготовки – 0 акад. час;
- подготовка к экзамену – 35,7 акад. час

Форма аттестации - зачет, экзамен, зачет с оценкой

Раздел/ тема дисциплины	Семестр	Аудиторная контактная работа (в акад. часах)			Самостоятельная работа студента	Вид самостоятельной работы	Форма текущего контроля успеваемости и промежуточной аттестации	Код компетенции
		Лек.	лаб. зан.	практ. зан.				
1. Раздел 1 Morphology								
1.1 1.1 ТемаThe Noun: classification of nouns;countable and uncountable nouns; morphological analysis of the noun;the category of number, the category of case	1			24	4	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение упражнений по теме.	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы.	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
1.2 1.2 The Article: indefinite article; the definite article; absence of article.				28	6	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение упражнений по теме.	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
1.3 ТемаThe Pronoun: morphological analysis of the pronoun;types of pronouns; personal pronouns;the category of case, number, gender, person.				12	1,9	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение упражнений по теме	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
1.4 Тема The Adjective: relative and qualitative adjectives;comparison of adjectives; irregular comparison of adjectives; predicate adjectives; nouns used as adjectives				16	3	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение тренировочных упражнений	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3

1.5 ТемаThe Adverb: Form of adverbs; interrogative adverbs; adverbs of degree; comparison of adverbs; irregular comparison of adverbs. qualifying and circumstantial adverbs;degrees of comparison	2			10	3	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение упражнений по теме.	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
1.6 ТемаThe Verb: morphological analysis of the verb;the category of tense, aspect, voice, mood.				40	1	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение упражнений по теме.	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы.	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
1.7 The Verb: reported speech;tense forms: revision; uses of the subjunctive mood; modal verbs.				28	1	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение упражнений по теме.	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы.	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
Итого по разделу				158	19,9			
Итого за семестр				68	2		экзамен	
2. Раздел 2 Morphology								
2.1 ТемаThe Infinitive: nature of the infinitives; morphological analysis of the infinitive;the category of aspect, relative tense, voice;for-to infinitive constructions;the accusative with the infinitive;the nominative with the infinitive; the infinitive phrase; functions of the infinitive in the sentence.	3			12	4	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение тренировочных упражнений	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
2.2 ТемаThe Gerund: nature of the gerund; morphological analysis of the gerund;the category of relative tense and voice;gerundial complexes; the dangling gerund; functions of the gerund in the sentence.				14	6	Подготовка к практическому занятию. выполнение тренировочных упражнений	Грамматические тексты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
2.3 ТемаThe Participle: forms of the Participle;the accusative with the participle; dangling participles;the nominative with the participle; nominative absolute participle constructions;functions of the participle in the sentence				14	4	Подготовкам к практическому занятию. Выполнение упражнений по теме	Грамматические тексты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
2.4 Тема Modal Verbs				14	3,9	Подготовка к практическому занятию Выполнение тренировочных упражнений	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3

Итого по разделу				54	17,9			
Итого за семестр				54	17,9		зао	
3. Раздел 3 Syntax								
3.1 Тема The Subject: notional and formal subject; introductory “it” and “there” subjects; the simple subject; the compound subject	4			10	1	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение тренировочных упражнений по теме	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
3.2 ТемаThe Predicate: simple and compound predicates;simple verbal and nominal predicates;compound verbal modal predicate;compound verbal phrasal predicate; compound verbal predicate of double orientation; compound nominal predicate proper;compound nominal double predicate;mixed types of predicates.				20	2	Подготовка к практическому занятию. выполнение тренировочных упражнений по теме	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
3.3 Тема Agreement of the subject and the predicate: Agreement in person and number; agreement of the predicate with the compound subject; agreement of the predicate with collective nouns; agreement of the predicate with indefinite pronouns; special cases of agreement				8	1	Подготовка к практическому занятию. выполнение тренировочных упражнений по теме	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
3.4 Тема Kinds of sentences: Inverted order; interrogative sentence patterns; exclamatory and imperative sentence patterns; simple sentences; compound sentences; complex sentences.				10	1	Подготовка к практическому занятию. выполнение тренировочных упражнений по теме	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
3.5 Тема The Object Direct/Indirect/ Prepositional Object				8	1	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение тренировочных упражнений	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
3.6 Тема The Attribute; The Adverbial Modifier				8	1,9	Подготовка к практическому занятию. Выполнение тренировочных упражнений по теме	Грамматические тесты. Контрольные работы	УК-4.1, УК-4.2, УК-4.3
Итого по разделу				64	7,9			
Итого за семестр				64	7,9		зао	
Итого по дисциплине				276	45,7		зачет, экзамен, зачет с оценкой	

5 Образовательные технологии

В процессе реализации дисциплины «Практическая грамматика» используются технологии интегрированного обучения: технологии коммуникативного обучения, технологии тестирования, технологии развития критического и рефлексивного мышления.

В процессе реализации дисциплины используются следующие образовательные технологии: “casestudies”, проблемные задачи, ИКТ.

6 Учебно-методическое обеспечение самостоятельной работы обучающихся

Представлено в приложении 1.

7 Оценочные средства для проведения промежуточной аттестации

Представлены в приложении 2.

8 Учебно-методическое и информационное обеспечение дисциплины (модуля)

а) Основная литература:

1) Исмаилова, О. С. Way into Grammar : практикум [для вузов] / О. С. Исмаилова, Ю. Б. Мелехова ; Магнитогорский гос. технический ун-т им. Г. И. Носова. - Магнитогорск : МГТУ им. Г. И. Носова, 2022. - 1 CD-ROM. - Загл. с титул. экрана. - URL: <https://host.megaprolib.net/MP0109/Download/MObject/20117> (дата обращения: 06.04.2025). - Макрообъект. - Текст : электронный. - Сведения доступны также на CD-ROM.

б) Дополнительная литература:

1) Шканова, О. С. Multiple-choice English Tests on Basic English Structures : учебное пособие / О. С. Шканова ; МГТУ, [каф. ин. яз. №2]. - Магнитогорск, 2011. - 44 с. : табл. - (English). - URL: <https://host.megaprolib.net/MP0109/Download/MObject/3361> (дата обращения: 06.04.2025). - Макрообъект. - Текст : электронный.

в) Методические указания:

Представлены в приложении 3

г) Программное обеспечение и Интернет-ресурсы:

Программное обеспечение

Наименование ПО	№ договора	Срок действия лицензии
MS Office 2007 Professional	№ 135 от 17.09.2007	бессрочно
7Zip	свободно распространяемое	бессрочно
FAR Manager	свободно распространяемое	бессрочно

Профессиональные базы данных и информационные справочные системы

Название курса	Ссылка
Электронные ресурсы библиотеки МГТУ им. Г.И. Носова	https://host.megaprolib.net/MP0109/Web
Поисковая система Академия Google (Google Scholar)	URL: https://scholar.google.ru/

9 Материально-техническое обеспечение дисциплины (модуля)

Материально-техническое обеспечение дисциплины включает:

1) Учебные аудитории для проведения практических занятий, групповых и индивидуальных консультаций, текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации. Оснащение: Мультимедийные средства хранения, передачи и представления информации. Комплекс тестовых заданий для проведения промежуточных и рубежных контролей.

2) Помещения для самостоятельной работы обучающихся. Оснащение: Персональные компьютеры с пакетом MS Office, выходом в Интернет и с доступом в электронную информационно-образовательную среду университета.

3) Помещение для хранения и профилактического обслуживания учебного оборудования. Оснащение: Шкафы для хранения учебно-методической документации, учебного оборудования и учебно-наглядных пособий.

По дисциплине «Практическая грамматика» предусмотрена аудиторная и внеаудиторная самостоятельная работа обучающихся.

1Раздел: Morphology (1)

Теоретические вопросы:

- What is the grammatical meaning of the noun?
- What grammatical categories does the noun in English have?
- What are the main classes of pronouns in English?
- What grammatical categories does the English adjective have?
- What is the main function of the article?
- What grammatical categories does the verb in English have?
- What does the Active voice denote?
- What does the Passive voice denote?
- What syntactical /analytical forms of the Subjunctive mood are used in Modern English?
- What are modal verbs in English?

Практические упражнения:

1. Use the proper article:

1. ___ flowers you bought me are lovely.
2. “Have you seen my socks?” “You left them on ___ bed.
3. She usually stays in ___ bed till late at ___ weekend.
4. Jim’s been in ___ hospital for six weeks now.
5. I enjoy ___ modern music.
6. I always like getting ___ good news.
7. We had ___ time on ___ holiday.
8. My brother is looking for ___ job.
9. You have made ___ great progress in your studies.
10. Did you have ___ good weather on your trip?
11. I prefer ___ to ___ coffee.
12. In Sweden ___ children start ___ school when they are six or seven.
13. There is ___ hot and cold running water in all the bedrooms.
14. All my kids are still at ___ school.
15. I cleaned ___ car yesterday.

16. What ___ lovely scenery!
17. What is ___ longest river in ___ the world?
18. We had ___ dinner in a restaurant.
19. What ___ lovely dress!
20. I watched ___ news on ___ television.
21. The motorcyclist was in ___ critical condition in ___ hospital last night.
22. ___ tulips are my favourite flowers.
23. Do you like ___ strong black coffee?
24. That was ___ lovely breakfast.
25. ___ river Nile has played ___ important role in ___ history of ___ ancient Egypt.
26. ___ doctors are paid more than ___ teachers.
27. There isn't ___ hospital in ___ town.
28. ___ World War II ended in 1945.
29. ___ Isle of Wight is ___ largest island in ___ England.
30. ___ Fifth Avenue is among ___ most expensive streets in the world.

2 Write the indefinite article before the nouns which are being used as countable nouns

1. ___ Beauty is subjective. She is ___ real beauty.
2. I'm fortunate to have had ___ very good education. ___ education does not just take place at school.
3. My eyes are very sensitive to ___ light.. Is there ___ light in there?
4. You have been ___ great help to me. I'm sorry to ask but I desperately need ___ help.
5. I don't usually drink ___ coffee. I'll have two teas and ___ coffee.
6. He has ___ great love of music. Sometimes ___ love can be very painful.
7. You'll get better at the job as you gain ___ experience.
8. The house is built of ___ stone. This is ___ beautiful stone.
9. ___ death comes to us all one day. There has been ___ death in the family.
10. ___ fear is a perfectly natural human feeling. He has ___ terrible fear of heights.
11. I think that's ___ really ugly painting. ___ painting can be a very relaxing activity.

12. I usually eat ___ fruit for breakfast. That's ___ very unusual fruit.
13. You should not drink ___ wine on an empty stomach. This is ___ very nice wine.
14. Would you like ___ baked potato? Has this soup got _ potato in it?

3 Open the brackets using the correct tense form.

1. Each July we (to go) to Turkey for a holiday.
2. The growing number of visitors (to damage) footpaths.
3. Jane (to leave) just a few minutes ago.
4. Timson (to make) 13 films and I think her latest is the best.
5. (To see) Robert lately?
6. When I was a child I (to play) the violin.
7. I (to read) until midnight last night.
8. He (to play) for the national team in 65 matches so far.
9. Sorry, we are late. We (to take) the wrong turning.
10. She (to suffer) from flu when she was interviewed.
11. Wait here until I (to call) you.
12. I won't be able to meet you next week, I (to stay) in Moscow for a few days.
13. Next month I (to know) Derek for twenty years.
14. I (to write) 3 letters this morning (The morning is over).
15. We (to have) the car for five years. (We no longer have it).
16. They have grown such a lot since we last (to see) them.
17. She dropped her bag while she (to get) into her car.
18. Your eyes are red – you (to cry)?
19. I always (to admire) Chester's work.
20. I (to want) to visit the gallery before I left Florence, but it is closed on Sundays.

4. Open brackets using Conditionals 2 and 3:

1. If someone (to tell) me ten years ago that this was the future I (to laugh).
2. It (not to surprise) him if she (to be) angry or (to make) a scene, or if she (to cry); he (can, to cope) with that; but her calmness frightened him.
3. I wish I could go to Italy now. The peasants (to call) me "Don" and (to take off) their hats if I (to meet) them. I (to go) hunting through the chestnut woods. The peasants

(to be) honoured if I (to eat) at their houses. 4. He (to be) dead in a week if he (to see) everyone who wants to see him. 5. It (to be) a bad world if you (not to get) a good laugh now and then. 6. It's a chance in a thousand, and I think it (to be) madness if you (not to take) it. 7. She realized that it (to be) a bitter blow to his pride if he ever (to have) an inkling how little he meant to her. 8. If I (to be) in your place, I probably (to do) the same thing.

5. Translate into English using *wish* and *as if/as though*:

1. Жаль, что Боб не может обеспечивать семью. Иначе бы он немедленно женился. 2. Как бы мне хотелось побывать в Париже, но, боюсь, это неосуществимая мечта. 3. Я бы хотела ответить на ваши вопросы, но наше время истекло. 4. Жаль, что наш план провалился. 5. Он бежал так быстро, как будто за ним кто-то гонится (to chase). 6. Ваш сын так хорошо говорит по-английски, как будто всю жизнь провел в Англии. 7. По вашим словам получается (Yousound), что вы замечательно провели время на вечеринке. А мне сказали, что вы не провели там и часа. 8. Она выглядела свежей и отдохнувшей, словно не провела бессонную ночь в аэропорту.

6. Complete the following sentences with the correct form of *can*, *could* or *be able*. If it is possible to use *can/could* or *be able*, use *can/could*.

- 1 He is very fit for his age. He ____ (run) really fast.
- 2 I'd like ____ (work) with you one day.
- 3 He ____ (not climb) up to the top: he was too scared.
- 4 If they hadn't phoned for an ambulance, he ____ (die).
- 5 I love ____ (spend) all morning in bed at the weekends.
- 6 We ____ (go) to that concert tomorrow if the tickets haven't sold out.
- 7 I think you should go in the spring: it ____ (be) very crowded there in the summer.
- 8 I ____ (not understand) what he says: he speaks too quickly.
- 9 Do you know where Nick's glasses are? He ____ (not see) very much without them.
- 10 ____ speak another language fluently is a great advantage when you're looking for a job.
- 11 Jonathan ____ (not say) anything until he was about three years old.
- 12 We ____ (not phone her up) because her phone had broken, but fortunately we ____ (get) a message to her.
- 13 Amy's exam results weren't very good. She ____ (do) better.
- 14 I ____ (not sleep) very well for the last four nights. It's been too hot.
- 15 She tried to think of other things but she ____ (not put) that awful memory out of her mind.

16 You should _____ (go out) when you want to.

17 _____(you come) to the party on Saturday?

2Раздел: Morphology (2)

Теоретические вопросы:

- 1) What are non-finite forms of the English Verb?
- 2) What nominal and verbal features does the English Infinitive have?
- 3) What nominal and verbal features does the English Gerund have?
- 4) What features do Participle I and II possess?
- 5) What are complexes with verbal in English?

Практические упражнения:

1) Open the brackets

1. He bitterly resents (treat) like a child.
2. I remember (go) to the British Museum one day to read up the treatment for some slight ailment.
3. We're considering (buy) a new car.
4. I don't envisage (work) with him again.
5. I used (think) she'd love to marry me.
6. My job involves (travel) a lot.
7. We regret (inform) you that your application has not been successful.
8. Now I regret (not get) education.
9. I can still vividly remember my grandfather (teach)me (play) chess.
10. I'd advise you (keep) to a diet of fruit and vegetables.
11. Remember (call) me when you arrive.
12. I'd advise you (read) the instructions first.
13. I recommend (drink) plenty of liquids.
14. We are really looking forward (see) you again.
15. She must be made (follow) the rules.

16. They knew they risked (arrest).
17. They have been advised not to risk (travel) in these conditions.
18. He keeps (put off) (go) to the dentist.
19. Remember (put) the clock forward tonight (because the time has officially changed).
20. How did you manage (persuade) him?
21. She hesitated before (reply).
22. The new schedule will mean (work) overtime.

2) Comment on the form of the Verbal. State the syntactic function of the Verbal. Point out the syntactic complexes with the Infinitive.

1. She lifted the flowers and let them drop again, and they fell into another orderly pattern.
2. My job is not teaching you manners.
3. She can't stand being contradicted.
4. She washed her face and combed out the tangles in her hair before going downstairs again.
5. Of course I'll go. I'd go any place if there is the slightest chance of getting this job.
6. He proved to be their devoted friend.
7. He waited impatiently for Eliza to go on.
8. She found no one to admire.
9. There is some information I want you to obtain.
10. Gertrude wanted to surprise her guests with European food.

3) Open the brackets. Use the Verbals in the appropriate form. Add prepositions where necessary:

1. We felt the ground (to rock and tremble) under our feet.
2. There is no (to reason) with her.
3. The poems are believed (to write) by a young woman.
4. How can I do it without somebody (to notice me) and (to begin) to ask questions?
5. She is not likely (to forget) her promise.
6. Can I learn to speak better (to listen) to records?
7. He is far too lazy (to do) it himself.

8. Are you really thinking (to give up) this job?
9. So much depends (he to be) the right man for the job.
10. I see no harm (he to play) football.

4) Replace the parts in bold type by the nominative absolute construction.

- 1 Angie was coming easily down the steep slope. **Buck was close behind her.**
- 2 She rolled over on her front and lay motionless. **Her face was hidden in the curve of her arm.**
- 3 She was a charming healthy child of eight. **Her long arms and legs were already tanned to a lovely golden brown.**
- 4 A few more steps and she disappeared behind some dusty shrubs. **She was still holding the little dog in her arms.**
- 5 **Her face was pale, her smile listless.** She looked a different girl.
- 6 Madame came out of her office, smiling and bowing. **Her black silk dress was buttoned up over corsets three sizes too small for comfort.**
- 7 Even Mr Bolham went out at the sound of her office. **The unread newspaper was still in his hand.**
- 8 Mary sat leaning forward watching the fireworks. **Mary's arm was round her shoulders.**
- 9 How can you expect me to do any work **when the children are making so much noise?**
- 10 He spent the rest of the journey in a screwed-up and uncomfortable position. **The massive knees of Mrs Gush were pressing into him at every jolt.**

3 Раздел: Syntax

Теоретические вопросы:

- What is a simple sentence?
- What is a one-member sentence?
- What is the main difference between the compound and the complex sentence?
- What are the main types of the subordinate clauses?
- What conjunctions are used in compound and the complex sentences?
- What is the introductory subject?
- What parts of speech can function as the subject in English?
- What is the predicate?
- What is the simple predicate?
- How many kinds of compounds predicates are there in English?

Практические упражнения:

1) Point out the subject in the following sentences and state what it is expressed by. Translate into Russian.

1. You couldn't define it more precisely! 2. It never rains, but it pours! 3. Two plus two makes four. 4. There was a tall lamp-post beside the packing house. 5. What is the meaning of all this? 6. A few more of these is all that is needed. 7. People don't easily recognize their faults. 8. Dark blue is not your colour for a costume. 9. Who will be the second in command? 10. Which of them is the President? 11. To be or not to be, that is the question. 12. Smoking is not allowed. 13. One can't be too sure. 14. How much do they offer? 15. They say it's about ten miles from here. 16. The third may be not taken into account. 17. Your "i" must be dotted. 18. Will half of the sum be enough? 19. The brave won't lay down their arms. 20. Never is a long time. 21. Here is a brighter torch for Jim.

2) Point out the predicate in each of the following sentences and state its type. Translate into Russian.

a) 1. He excused himself and went outside. 2. There came a surprise. 3. He wondered what she was thinking. 4. No questions were asked about his absence. 5. On steam tables the day's dinner menu dishes were being portioned and served for delivery to dining-rooms. 6. I shouldn't have allowed that to happen, believe me, my dear Eliot, if I had been there. 7. At dawn fighting broke out with renewed violence.

b) 1. But I must be going now. 2. "Why should we go down to dessert twice a day?" said Venice. 3. You will have to do as you were told. 4. Most of our senior officers will have arrived by then. 5. Your mother must have gone through a good deal of suffering. 6. They may have telephone communication. 7. Who could have done such a thing? 8. Jack ought to have stayed for tea with them.

c) 1. The man grinned from ear to ear and began to play a lively tune. 2. I kept walking, busy with my thoughts. 3. Aloysius Royce continued to work quietly as the other two talked. 4. He burst out laughing. 5. They ceased to speak eyeing the newcomer suspiciously. 6. He would go there every afternoon just for pleasure. 7. You remind me of someone I used to know from Africa. 8. She stopped to talk to the Cypriot tailor.

d) 1. Let the medical officer know, with my compliments, that I wish to see him. 2. I longed to go where there was life and movement. 3. The party director replied patiently, "I'd still prefer to come to your house." 4. We decided to telephone the office at once. 5. She had utterly refused to do what they had asked her to. 6. Why did they refuse to come?

e) 1. The roof of the cottage was high and pointed. 2. The argument grew hot. 3. You men, you're all alike! 4. The plan is original but very difficult to be realized. 5. They remained silent for a while. 6. Why have you become so absent-minded, my dear fellow? 7. It is getting dark, will you turn on the light? 8. Her voice sounded very strange. 9. Something has gone wrong with the starter. 10. Mary's cakes taste always delicious.

f) 1. Mr Dempster waited until the conversation died. 2. For a full three minutes Daisy's mouth continued to laugh. 3. They were trying to calm her. 4. His parents had naturally desired to see her once at least before he carried her off to a distant settlement. 5. He couldn't go on living

there alone. 6. I beg your pardon, but Mr Gatsby would like to speak to you alone. 7. She kept eyeing Henry with interest. 8. Aunt Juley tried to say something pleasant. 9. "Oh, by the way. I'm leaving for Europe tonight," he informed her. 10. I dared not utter a word. 11. She didn't really want to wake them. 12. The plane is to take off in a matter of minutes.

3) Choose the correct answer:

1. Economics (is, are) what the students are most interested in.
2. The number of jobs lost in California's Silicon Valley (has, have) increased significantly in the past two years.
3. The college president, along with five vice presidents, (was, were) ready for instruction.
4. Both the secretary and the treasurer (was, were) asked to submit reports.
5. Everyone in the audience (was, were) surprised by the mayor's remarks.
6. Ten dollars (is, are) too much to pay for that book.
7. Neither the neighbours nor the police officer (was, were) surprised by the violent crime.
8. (Does, do) Coach Jasek and the players know about the special award?
9. Neither my parents' car nor our own old Jeep (is, are) reliable enough to make the trip.
10. Marble, stone and string (are, is) my son's favourite playthings.
11. The lab report, in addition to several short papers, (was, were) due immediately after spring break.
12. (Does, do) either of the books have a section on usage rules?
13. Minnie Olson is one of the people who always (volunteers, volunteer) to help the homeless).
14. In the auditorium (was, were) assembled the orchestra members who were ready to practice for the upcoming concert.
15. The researcher, as well as her assistants, (is, are) developing a study to compare the brain tissue of Alzheimer sufferers and healthy subjects.
16. Neither criticism nor frequent failures (was, were) enough to retard his progress.
17. The board of directors (is, are) in session.
18. There (is, are) language, social relations, interests and geographical interests to help define cultural groups.
19. Lucy announced that *The Holy Terrors* (are, is) the title of her next book, which is about raising her three sons.
20. His baseball and his glove (was, were) all Jamil was permitted to take to the game.

21. She is the only one of the six candidates who (refuses, refuse) to speak at the ceremony.
22. There (are, is) one coat and two hats in the hallway.
23. The tweezers (are, is) not useful here; perhaps the pliers (are, is).
24. A good book and some chocolate donuts (was, were) all she needed to relax.
25. Five dollars (does, do) not seem like much to my nine-year-old son.

4) Consider the following compound sentences. Comment on their structure and meaning. Distinguish between syndetic and asyndetic connection of their coordinate clauses. Translate into Russian.

1. His idea was to ease the tension, but Mrs Clemence threw him a glance of reproach. 2. Her step was more dancing than walking and, in spite of her black dress, there was nothing but joy in her whole attitude. 3. There's something awfully consoling about you, you make things so simple. 4. There was nothing offensive in her words, but he put his own construction on her change of tone. 5. He had no children or near relations to be spared, so he did not fear publicity. 6. I quite agree with you, the villain ought to be punished, but the cost has got to be reckoned. 7. He ripped open the envelope, and a thick enclosure fell out on the table. 8. Either he had recovered from his panic of the night, or he pretended to have. 9. The blue upholstery won't go with* the yellow stair-carpet, nor will it go with the brown woodwork. 10. I offered him my handkerchief and he accepted it with fervent protestations of thanks. 11. A shadow of a grin showed itself on the man's lips, however he remained silent. 12. His remarks were witty, or so they seemed to us. 13. You don't seem to remember anybody's name, it is so irritating sometimes. 14. Either he didn't read the document carefully, or he didn't see the implication of it. 15. There were a few moments of suspense, then he turned around, saw me and came straight over. 16. The dancing pairs paid no attention to Beatrice sitting with her aunts and uncles, nor did it matter to her. 17. He tapped his forehead significantly, so we changed the topic at once. 18. I didn't go into all the particulars of the case, neither did they want me to. 19. She might have invited us to sit, but she didn't.

5) Consider the following complex sentences. Distinguish between subject, predicative, and object subordinate clauses. Comment on their structure and meaning. Point out elliptical clauses. Translate into Russian.

1. What she wanted was a love too proud and independent to exhibit its joy or its pain. 2. Perhaps you can tell me what happened in history after the Tudors. 3. I wish that the mission hadn't fallen to you. 4. One advantage of being a medical practitioner is that you can usually tell when people are lying to you. 5. Work may be just what I want now. 6. That this charming young woman accepted political life with enthusiasm was a real surprise to me. 7. It is not at all clear how they will accept the proposed treatment. 8. I asked her if there was an equally polite acknowledgement on the part of the publishers. 9. We saw that the old man had finished his scotch. 10. How he managed to be so persuasive beats me.

Приложение 2

Оценочные средства для проведения промежуточной аттестации

Промежуточная аттестация имеет целью определить степень достижения запланированных результатов обучения по дисциплине «Практическая грамматика» за период обучения и проводится в форме зачета (1 семестр), экзамена (2 семестр) и зачета с оценкой (3-4 семестры).

а) Планируемые результаты обучения и оценочные средства для проведения промежуточной аттестации:

Код индикатора	Индикатор достижения компетенции	Оценочные средства
УК-4 Способен применять современные коммуникативные технологии, в том числе на иностранном(ых) языке(ах), для академического и профессионального взаимодействия		
УК-4.1	Устанавливает контакты и организует общение в соответствии с потребностями совместной деятельности, используя современные коммуникационные технологии	Theory question list 1. Kinds of nouns. Capitalization of proper nouns. Special uses of Capital letters. 2. Plural forms of nouns. 3. The use of countable nouns with the indefinite article and <i>some</i> . 4. Plural and uncountable nouns with and without the definite article. 5. The use of the definite article with the geographical names. 6. Forming questions, reporting questions. 7. Forming passive sentences. 8. Regular and irregular verbs. Simple, progressive and perfect tense forms. 9. Uses of the subjunctive mood. 10. Kinds of adjectives. Predicate adjectives.
УК-4.2	Составляет деловую документацию, создает различные академические или профессиональные тексты на русском и иностранном языках	1 Choose the correct answer. Comment on your choice: Economics (is, are) what the students are most interested in. The number of jobs lost in California's Silicon Valley (has, have) increased significantly in the past two years. The college president, along with five vice presidents, (was, were) ready for instruction. Both the secretary and the treasurer (was, were) asked to submit reports. Everyone in the audience (was, were) surprised by the mayor's remarks. Ten dollars (is, are) too much to pay for that book.

Код индикатора	Индикатор достижения компетенции	Оценочные средства
		<p>Neither the neighbours nor the police officer (was, were) surprised by the violent crime. (Does, do) Coach Jasek and the players know about the special award? Neither my parents' car nor our own old Jeep (is, are) reliable enough to make the trip. Marble, stone and string (are, is) my son's favourite playthings. The lab report, in addition to several short papers, (was, were) due immediately after spring break. (Does, do) either of the books have a section on usage rules? Minnie Olson is one of the people who always (volunteers, volunteer) to help the homeless). In the auditorium (was, were) assembled the orchestra members who were ready to practice for the upcoming concert. The researcher, as well as her assistants, (is, are) developing a study to compare the brain tissue of Alzheimer sufferers and healthy subjects. Neither criticism nor frequent failures (was, were) enough to retard his progress. The board of directors (is, are) in session. There (is, are) language, social relations, interests and geographical interests to help define cultural groups. Lucy announced that <i>The Holy Terrors</i> (are, is) the title of her next book, which is about raising her three sons. His baseball and his glove (was, were) all Jamil was permitted to take to the game. She is the only one of the six candidates who (refuses, refuse) to speak at the ceremony. There (are, is) one coat and two hats in the hallway. The tweezers (are, is) not useful here; perhaps the pliers (are, is). A good book and some chocolate donuts (was, were) all she needed to relax. Five dollars (does, do) not seem like much to my nine-year-old son.</p> <p>2. Use the right article if necessary. Comment on your choice. 1. ___ flowers you bought me are lovely. 2. "Have you seen my socks?" "You left them on ___ bed. 3. She usually stays in ___ bed till late at ___ weekend. 4. Jim's been in ___ hospital for six weeks now.</p>

Код индикатора	Индикатор достижения компетенции	Оценочные средства
		<p>5. I enjoy __ modern music.</p> <p>6. I always like getting __ good news.</p> <p>7. We had __ time on __ holiday.</p> <p>8. My brother is looking for __ job.</p> <p>9. You have made __ great progress in your studies.</p> <p>10. Did you have __ good weather on your trip?</p> <p>11. I prefer __ to __ coffee.</p> <p>12. In Sweden __ children start __ school when they are six or seven.</p> <p>13. There is __ hot and cold running water in all the bedrooms.</p> <p>14. All my kids are still at __ school.</p> <p>15. I cleaned __ car yesterday.</p> <p>16. What __ lovely scenery!</p> <p>17. What is __ longest river in __ the world?</p> <p>18. We had __ dinner in a restaurant.</p> <p>19. What __ lovely dress!</p> <p>20. I watched __ news on __ television.</p> <p>21. The motorcyclist was in __ critical condition in __ hospital last night.</p> <p>22. __ tulips are my favourite flowers.</p> <p>23. Do you like __ strong black coffee?</p> <p>24. That was __ lovely breakfast.</p> <p>25. __ river Nile has played __ important role in __ history of __ ancient Egypt.</p> <p>26. __ doctors are paid more than __ teachers.</p> <p>27. There isn't __ hospital in __ town.</p> <p>28. __ World War II ended in 1945.</p> <p>29. __ Isle of Wight is __ largest island in __ England.</p> <p>30. __ Fifth Avenue is among __ most expensive streets in the world.</p>
УК-4.3	Представляет результаты исследовательской и проектной деятельности на различных публичных мероприятиях, участвует в академических и профессиональных дискуссиях на русском и иностранном языках	<p>1. Write the indefinite article before the nouns which are being used as countable nouns</p> <p>1. __ Beauty is subjective. She is __ real beauty.</p> <p>2. I'm fortunate to have had __ very good education. __ education does not just take place at school.</p> <p>3. My eyes are very sensitive to __ light.. Is there __ light in there?</p> <p>4. You have been __ great help to me. I'm sorry to ask but I desperately need __ help.</p> <p>5. I don't usually drink __ coffee. I'll have two teas and __ coffee.</p> <p>6. He has __ great love of music. Sometimes __ love can be very painful.</p> <p>7. You'll get better at the job as you gain __</p>

Код индикатора	Индикатор достижения компетенции	Оценочные средства
		<p>experience.</p> <p>8. The house is built of __ stone. This is __ beautiful stone.</p> <p>9. __ death comes to us all one day. There has been __ death in the family.</p> <p>10. __ fear is a perfectly natural human feeling. He has __ terrible fear of heights.</p> <p>11. I think that's __ really ugly painting. __ painting can be a very relaxing activity.</p> <p>12. I usually eat __ fruit for breakfast. That's __ very unusual fruit.</p> <p>13. You should not drink __ wine on an empty stomach. This is __ very nice wine.</p> <p>14. Would you like __ baked potato? Has this soup got _ potato in it?</p> <p>2. Replace the parts in bold type by the nominative absolute construction.</p> <p>1 Angie was coming easily down the steep slope. Buck was close behind her.</p> <p>2 She rolled over on her front and lay motionless. Her face was hidden in the curve of her arm.</p> <p>3 She was a charming healthy child of eight. Her long arms and legs were already tanned to a lovely golden brown.</p> <p>4 A few more steps and she disappeared behind some dusty shrubs. She was still holding the little dog in her arms.</p> <p>5 Her face was pale, her smile listless. She looked a different girl.</p> <p>6 Madame came out of her office, smiling and bowing. Her black silk dress was buttoned up over corsets three sizes too small for comfort.</p> <p>7 Even MrBolham went out at the sound of her office. The unread newspaper was still in his hand.</p> <p>8 Mary sat leaning forward watching the fireworks. Mary's arm was round her shoulders.</p> <p>9 How can you expect me to do any work when the children are making so much noise?</p> <p>10 He spent the rest of the journey in a screwed-up and uncomfortable position. The massive knees of Mrs Gush were pressing into him at every jolt.</p>

б) Порядок проведения промежуточной аттестации, показатели и критерии оценивания:

Промежуточная аттестация по дисциплине «Практическая грамматика» включает теоретические вопросы, позволяющие оценить уровень усвоения обучающимися знаний, и практические задания, выявляющие степень сформированности умений и владений, проводится в форме зачета (1семестр), экзамена (2семестр) и зачета с оценкой (3,4 семестры)

Критерии оценивания на зачете:

1. «Зачтено» может получить студент, освоивший программу курса: обучающийся демонстрирует хороший уровень сформированности компетенций- основные знания, умения освоены, свободно выполняет практические задания, свободно оперирует полученными знаниями, умениями.

2. «Не зачтено» получает студент, который не освоил программу курса: обучающийся демонстрирует знания не более 20% теоретического материала, допускает существенные ошибки, не может показать интеллектуальные навыки решения простых задач.

Задания на зачёт:

Тест

1. You can't stop me what I want.
i. A doing B do C to do D that I do
2. I must go now. I promised late.
i. A not being B not to be C to not be D I wouldn't be
3. Do you want with you or do you want to go alone?
i. A me coming B me to come C that I come D that I will come
4. I know I locked the door. I clearly remember it.
i. A locking B to lock C to have locked
5. She tried to be serious, but she couldn't help
i. A laughing B to laugh C that she laughed D laugh
6. Paul lives in Berlin now. He likes there.
i. A living B to live
7. It's not my favourite job, but I like the kitchen as
i. often as possible.
ii. A cleaning B clean C to clean D that I clean
8. I'm tired. I'd rather out this evening, if you don't mind.
i. A not going B not to go C don't go D not go
9. 'Shall I stay here?' 'I'd rather with us.'
i. A you come B you to come C you came D you would come
10. Are you looking forward on holiday?
i. A going B to go C to going D that you go
11. When Lisa came to Britain, she had to get used on the left.
i. A driving B to driving C to drive
12. I'm thinking a house. Do you think that's a good idea?

- i. A to buy B of to buy C of buying
13. I had no a place to live. In fact it was surprisingly easy.
i. A difficulty to find B difficulty finding C trouble to find
ii. D trouble finding
14. A friend of mine phonedme to a party.
i. A for invite B to invite C for inviting D for to invite
15. Jim doesn't speak very clearly.
i. A It is difficult to understand him. B He is difficult to understand. C He is difficult to understand him.
16. The path was icy, so we walked very carefully. We were afraid
i. A of falling B from falling C to fall D to falling
17. I didn't hear youin. You must have been very quiet.
i. A come B to come C came
18. hotel, we looked for somewhere to have dinner.
i. A Finding B After finding C Having found D We found
19. Do you to tell the police about the missing money?
i. A admit B confess C deny D intend
20. Mark expectswork round about 6.00.
i. A finishing B to finish C to have finished

Примерный перечень заданий к экзамену

I. Comment on the form of the Verbal. State the syntactic function of the Verbal. Point out the syntactic complexes with the Infinitive.

1. She lifted the flowers and let them drop again, and they fell into another orderly pattern.
2. My job is not teaching you manners.
3. She can't stand being contradicted.
4. She washed her face and combed out the tangles in her hair before going downstairs again.
5. Of course I'll go. I'd go any place if there is the slightest chance of getting this job.
6. He proved to be their devoted friend.
7. He waited impatiently for Eliza to go on.
8. She found no one to admire.
9. There is some information I want you to obtain.

10. Gertrude wanted to surprise her guests with European food.

II. Open the brackets. Use the Verbals in the appropriate form. Add prepositions where necessary:

1. We felt the ground (to rock and tremble) under our feet.
2. There is no (to reason) with her.
3. The poems are believed (to write) by a young woman.
4. How can I do it without somebody (to notice me) and (to begin) to ask questions?
5. She is not likely (to forget) her promise.
6. Can I learn to speak better (to listen) to records?
7. He is far too lazy (to do) it himself.
8. Are you really thinking (to give up) this job?
9. So much depends (he to be) the right man for the job.
10. I see no harm (he to play) football.

III. Correct the mistakes in the sentences.

1. All of us didn't want to go to bed.
2. Only when it stopped raining we set off.
3. Nothing doesn't matter now - everything's finished.
4. She gave me a good advice.
5. Not a sound she made as she crept upstairs.
6. Entering the harbor, the Statue of Liberty came into view.
7. I watched the shore to come close, then swing away.
8. I wish I studied harder but I didn't.
9. In May of last year, she studied hard for her final exams.
10. We always like when you stay with us.

Критерии оценки **на экзамене / зачете с оценкой** (в соответствии с формируемыми компетенциями и планируемыми результатами обучения):

– на оценку **«отлично»** – студент должен показать высокий уровень лингвистических знаний и грамматических навыков не только на уровне воспроизведения и объяснения информации, но и интеллектуальные навыки решения грамматических проблем и задач, нахождения точных ответов к проблемам;

– на оценку **«хорошо»** – студент должен показать знания на уровне воспроизведения и объяснения грамматических явлений и хорошие навыки их использования в речи;

– на оценку **«удовлетворительно»** – студент должен показать удовлетворительные знания на уровне воспроизведения и объяснения грамматических явлений и удовлетворительные навыки их использования в речи;

– на оценку **«неудовлетворительно»** – студент не может показать знания на уровне воспроизведения и объяснения информации, не может показать грамматические навыки использования грамматических явлений в речи.

Приложение 3

Методические рекомендации

Методические рекомендации по изучению дисциплины «Практическая грамматика»

Изучение студентами дисциплины «Практическая грамматика» осуществляется в ходе практических занятий по дисциплине и самостоятельной работы во внеаудиторное время.

Студентам рекомендуется:

1. Посещение практических занятий, ведение конспектов теоретического материала, обсуждаемого на занятиях, подготовка и активное участие в лабораторных занятиях для освоения необходимой грамматики и эффективного закрепления грамматических, коммуникативных и интерактивных навыков, а также посещение консультаций преподавателя по

выполнению индивидуальной самостоятельной работы, творческих и учебно-исследовательских заданий.

2. Для подготовки к занятиям необходимо пользование учебником по грамматике, проработка и перевод иллюстративных примеров, представленных в учебнике использование учебных пособий и практикумов; рекомендуется составление глоссария, изучение электронных материалов на Интернет-сайтах. Для этого рекомендуется пользоваться услугами

ресурсного центра, где имеется подборка специализированной литературы на иностранном языке в печатном и электронном виде. При выполнении упражнений и переводе текстов рекомендуется делать это в письменной форме для более эффективного закрепления материала, при изучении грамматических правил студентам желательно составлять схемы, таблицы, и памятки.

3. При изучении дисциплины рекомендуется использовать материалы РПД, разработанного ведущим преподавателем и утвержденного кафедрой и научно-методическим советом специальности.

4. При подготовке к сдаче зачёта по дисциплине необходимо повторить весь материал учебной дисциплины, изученный как в процессе аудиторных занятий, так и самостоятельной работы. При этом следует опираться на список тем, вынесенных преподавателем к зачету. Очень важно повторить тезаурус дисциплины. Перед зачетом рекомендуется посещение консультаций преподавателя для получения методических указаний и помощи с целью

качественного усвоения материала по наиболее сложным темам и вопросам учебной дисциплины.

Методические рекомендации для подготовки к зачёту

В связи с тем, что введение грамматического материала носит теоретико-практический характер, а предъявление теоретического материала по разделам модуля осуществляется на английском языке для его последующего использования при объяснении грамматических явлений, то одной из основных трудностей для студентов 1-2 курсов может стать устное и письменное воспроизведение грамматических правил. Именно поэтому, необходимо тщательно изучать термины, рекомендуется заучивать правила наизусть и повторять их каждый раз при выполнении практических упражнений в рамках аудиторной и самостоятельной работы. Таким образом, формируются языковые и речевые грамматические навыки, направленные на осознанное оперирование грамматическими явлениями.

Методические рекомендации для подготовки к экзамену

При подготовке к зачету особое внимание следует обратить на следующие моменты:

- при изучении каждой темы студент должен придерживаться следующего порядка: изучить теоретический материал по каждой грамматической теме, затем перейти к выполнению упражнений для формирования грамматических навыков;
- переход к изучению новой темы возможен только в случае выполнения всех заданий предыдущих разделов.
- для подготовки к экзамену по данной дисциплине студенты должны использовать рациональные приёмы умственного труда, обеспечивающие эффективное усвоение материала: осуществлять поиск и выделять ключевую информацию в соответствии с определенной учебной задачей, составлять план ответа, формулировать тезисы. Пользуясь реферативными материалами и материалами лекций, обучающиеся должны готовить и составлять развёрнутые ответы.